

J-K

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Stream cipher, J-K flip-flops, Non-linear-feedback shift registers,
Correlation attack, Measure of randomness.

Develop Security of Non-linear Stream Cipher System Based on J-K flip-flops

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Abstract

The strong eof stream cipher system depends on the strong of keystream generator. The generator generates pseudo-random-sequence which it passes randomness tests. Non-linear stream cipher based on J-K flip-flops has a number of shortages. This shortage is failure of randomness tests and success of correlation attacks. In this papers, J-K flip-flops is developed by inserting additional logic functions. It leads to improve the generator to pass randomness tests. Also, the non-linear complexity is increased and correlation attack is faced.

Keywords:

Stream cipher, J-K flip-flops, Non-linear-feedback shift registers, Correlation attack, Measure of randomness.

. [Stallings W., 2003]

Security Degree of Stream Cipher Systems

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[Schneier B.,

.1996]

Random Tests:

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(Local random tests)

%95

α (100-5)%=(1- α)%

Chi- square

Chi- square

% α

:[Carter G., 1989]

Frequency test

Serial test

Poker test

Auto correlation test

Correlation Attack :

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.[Staffelbach O.,1985]

1985

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.Z

J-K

[Rubin F.,1979]

-1

.GCD(K1,K2)=1 & $K1 \nless K2$

K1,K2

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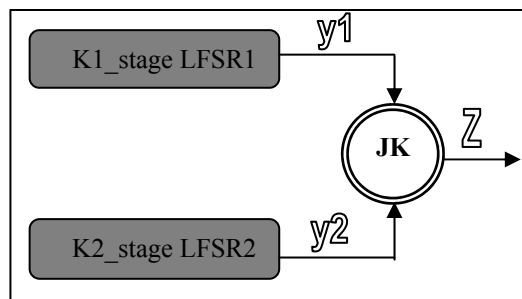
$k1=Length(LFSR1)$ و $k1=Length(LFSR2)$

.(1)

J-K

-2

(1)



Y_1	Y_2	Q_n
0	0	Q_{n-1}
0	1	0
1	0	1
1	1	Q_{n-1}

(1)

(1)

(J-K)

(J-K)

$k1 , k2$

(J-K)

.Z ()

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(J-K)

) 2

.(Xor

: (J-K)

 Q_n
$$\mathbf{Z}$$
$$Q_n = (a_n \oplus b_n \oplus 1)Q_{n-1} \oplus a_n$$
$$y_2 \quad y_1$$

n

bn an

. (XOR) 2

$$Q_0 = a_0 \quad \oplus \quad \oplus \quad \oplus$$
$$Q_1 = (a_1 \oplus b_1 \oplus 1)a_0 \oplus a_1 \oplus \oplus \oplus$$
$$Q_2 = (a_2 \quad b_2 \quad 1) [(a_1 \quad b_1 \quad 1) a_0 \quad a_1] \quad a_2$$

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J-K

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(J-K)

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$$\mathbf{Z}$$

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.2

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-1

$$\text{GCD}(K1, K2) = 1 \quad K1, K2$$

$$k1 = \text{length}(\text{LFSR2}) \quad k1 = \text{length}(\text{LFSR1}) \quad -2$$

$$.(1) \quad J-K \quad :(F) \quad -3$$

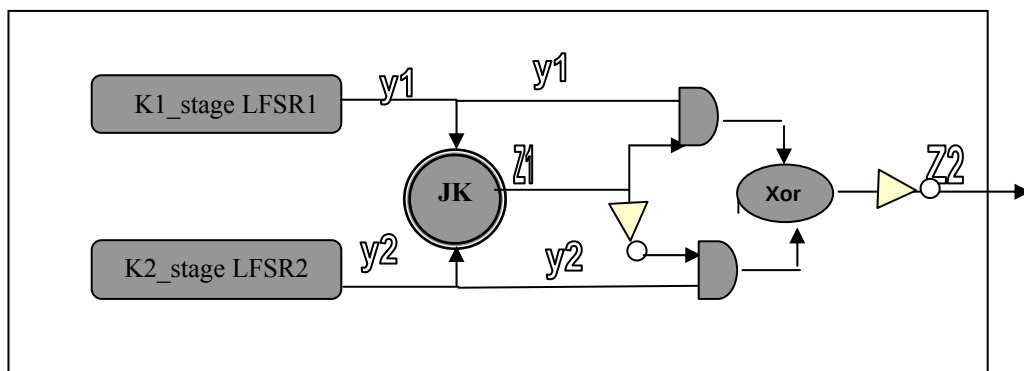
$$: \quad -4$$

$$.(AND) \quad -$$

$$. (NOT) \quad -$$

$$.(XOR) \quad 2 \quad -$$

$$J-K \quad (2)$$



$$J-K \quad (2)$$

$$.Z2 \quad Z1 \quad ***$$

Experiments and Results :

J-K J-K

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:(1)

) : J-K (.((2)

:-

Frequency test -1

Serial test -2

Poker test -3

Auto correlation test -4

J-K						
9	327	4.087	2.1428	011	0101	1
x	x	√	√	110	111	
3	30	3.152	4.761	110	110	2
√	√	√	x	11	10	

(J-K) (2)

.((3)) : J-K

J-K						
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2	283	4.087	2.1428	011	0101	1
√	√	√	√	110	111	
2	109	5.005	1.6095	110	110	2
√	√	√	√	11	10	

J-K

(3)

J-K

J-K

:(2)

J-K

J-K

()

Z

.(LFSR1,LFSR2)

J-K

J-K

J-K

J-K

(111,11)

$$F(S0,S1,S2)=S0\bigoplus S1 \qquad F(S0,S1)=S0\bigoplus S1$$

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J-K ----

$$Z= \text{ 011001011000101011011}$$

21

$$\begin{array}{lll} Q_r=0, Q_{r+1} =0 & \longrightarrow & a_{r+1} =0 \\ Q_r=0, Q_{r+1} =1 & \longrightarrow & a_{r+1} =1 \\ Q_r=0, Q_{r+1} =0 & \longrightarrow & b_{r+1} =0 \\ Q_r=0, Q_{r+1} =1 & \longrightarrow & b_{r+1} =0 \end{array}$$

.

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J-K ---

$$Z=001011001011011001001$$

$$\begin{array}{lll} Q_r=0, Q_{r+1} =0 & \longrightarrow & a_{r+1} =0 \\ Q_r=0, Q_{r+1} =1 & \longrightarrow & a_{r+1} =1 \\ Q_r=0, Q_{r+1} =0 & \longrightarrow & b_{r+1} =0 \\ & \longrightarrow & \end{array}$$

$$Q_r=0, Q_{r+1}=1 \quad b_{r+1}=0$$

J-K). (J-K)
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. J-K J-K

Conclusion :

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(XOR , NOT , AND)

(, ,) J-K

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Z Z

J-K Z

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